Governor's Proposals for the 2021–22 State Budget and K–12 Education

Presented By:

School Services of California Inc. Staff



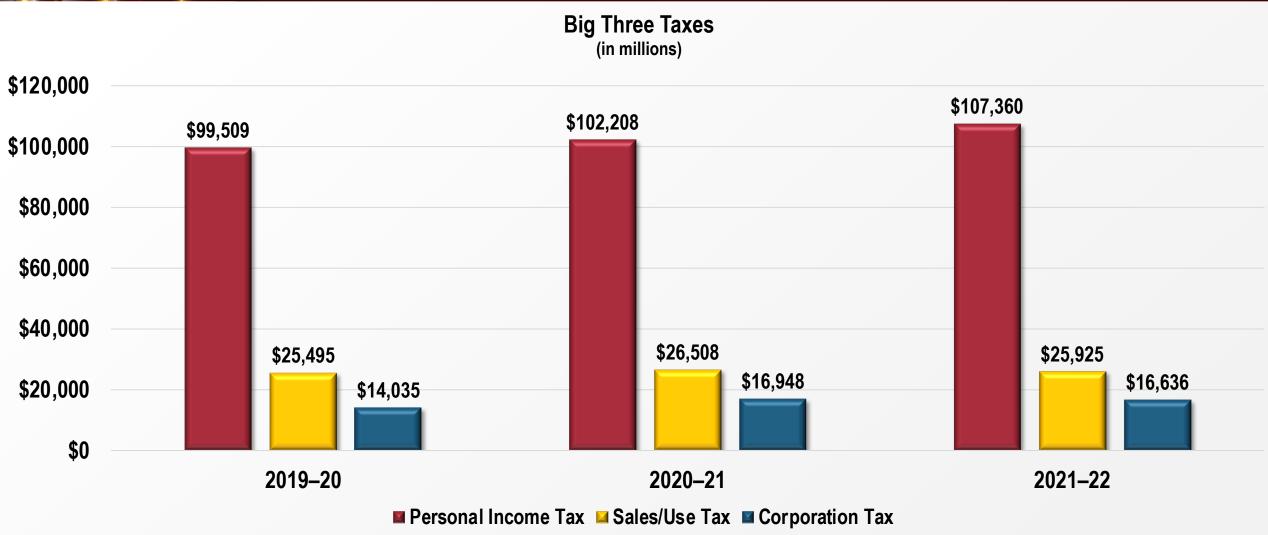


An Employee-Owned Company



Estimate for the Big Three Revenues

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Source: 2021–22 Governor's Budget Summary

Current Federal and State Pandemic Funding

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• The additional funds, while welcomed, created a heightened level of urgency to ensure compliance with spending regulations and spending deadlines



^{*}Extended to December 31, 2021, by Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA)

CARES Act—Child Nutrition Reimbursements

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Adds an additional \$0.75 per meal

\$112.2 million for meal reimbursement



Eligible LEAs are those who participated in the National School Lunch Program (NSLP), School Breakfast Program (SBP), Seamless Summer Option, or Summer Food Service Program



Increased reimbursement rate was in place for meals served starting March 13, 2020, through August 2020

Funding for Reopening Schools

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 Governor Newsom is calling for swift and early action by lawmakers to appropriate at least \$2 billion in one-time Proposition 98 funds to aid in the safe reopening and operation of in-person instruction for K-12 students

Funding Formula (per ADA)

Base Grants = \$450 (February reopening) = \$337.50 (March reopening)

Additional grants above base grant based on LEA's relative share of LCFF

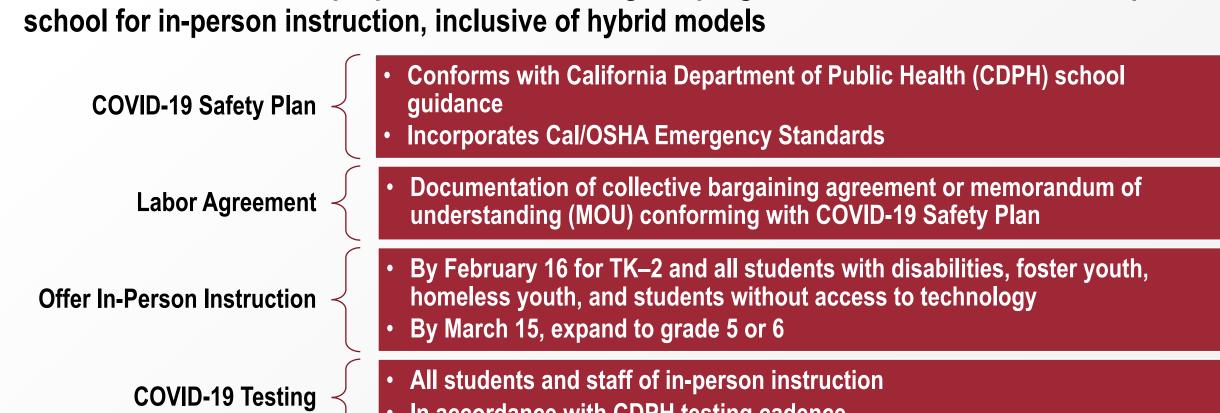


Funding based on TOTAL ADA less students enrolled in independent study

Safe Schools for All—What It Is and What's Required

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• The Safe Schools for All proposal establishes a grant program to incentivize LEAs to reopen school for in-person instruction, inclusive of hybrid models



Certify Technology

- In accordance with CDPH testing cadence
- Verify that all students in distance learning have access to a computing device, software, and high-speed internet to participate in online learning



Sample Timeline for Implementation of the Safe Schools for **All Grant Program**

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- The Safe Schools for All grant program has been presented to the Legislature as an urgency measure
 - Requires a two-thirds vote for passage
 - An urgency bill becomes effective immediately upon enactment
- The timeline for implementation leaves little room for delay and LEAs interested in receiving grants will need to begin planning before knowing if the measure is enacted

Sample Timeline for TK-Grade 2 Reopening on February 16

Wednesday, January 20



Consult with labor, parents, and community organizations in the development of the CSP

Develop COVID-19 Testing Plan

Friday, January 22

Reach tentative agreement on MOU conforming with COVID-19 Safety Plan with certificated and classified bargaining units

Sample Timeline for Implementation of the Safe Schools for **All Grant Program**

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Monday, January 25

MOUs ratified by bargaining units

Board agenda posted

Friday, January 29



Board Meeting held to adopt CSP and COVID-19 Testing Plan and ratify MOUs with bargaining units

Monday, February 1



Deadline to submit CSP, COVID-19 Testing Plan to the COE

Wednesday, February 10



Submission of grant application to the state

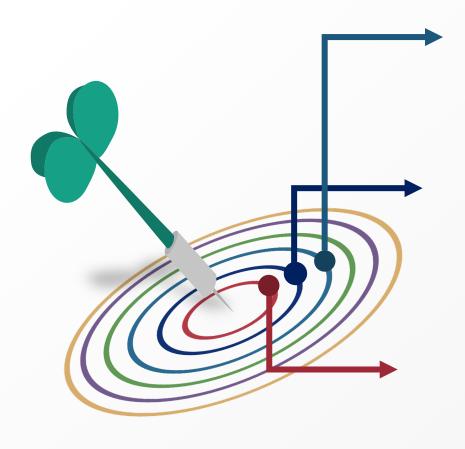
Tuesday, February 16



Schools reopen for in-person instruction

Multiyear Projections

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Multiyear projections (MYP) are required by AB 1200 and AB 2756

Projections are anchored in reliable information as of the date of the projection—they are NOT forecasts

Projections will change any time the underlying factors change

| LCFF PLANNING FACTORS | | | | | | |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--|
| Factor | 2020–21 | 2021–22 | 2022–23 | 2023–24 | 2024-25 | |
| DOF Estimated Statutory COLA | 2.31% | 1.50% | 2.98% | 3.05% | N/A | |
| DOF Estimated Funded COLA | 0.00% | 3.84%* | 2.98% | 3.05% | N/A | |
| SSC Estimated Statutory COLA | 0.00% | 3.84%* | 1.28% | 1.61% | 1.90% | |
| *Coloulated by common ding the unfineded COLA of 2.240/ from 2020, 24 and the cotimeted statutem; COLA of 4.500/ in 2024, 22 | | | | | | |

^{*}Calculated by compounding the unfunded COLA of 2.31% from 2020–21 and the estimated statutory COLA of 1.50% in 2021–22

- SSC Estimated Statutory COLA was calculated by SSC's independent economist
- In most years, the SSC estimates and the Department of Finance (DOF) estimates are very close, so we only include the DOF calculation on the dartboard
- Due to the large difference in the estimates, we have included our estimate for your consideration

Collective Bargaining

- The proposed Governor's Budget provides some bargaining opportunities and challenges
 - The 3.84% compounded COLA will assist LEAs in meeting existing obligations—but not much else
 - The annual increased cost of maintaining existing salary schedules, and related benefits, leaves few dollars on the table

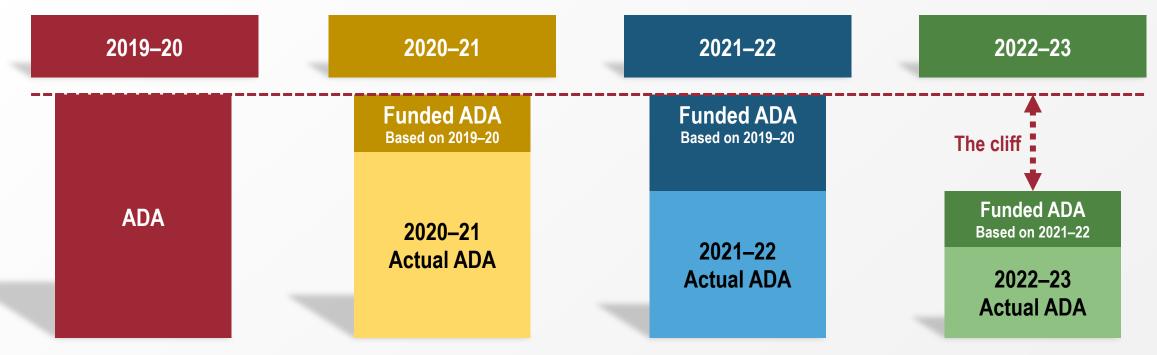
| Base Grant | 3.84% | |
|---|--------|--|
| Minus cost increase as a percent of an LEA budget | | |
| Step and Column | -1.50% | |
| Health and Welfare Benefit | -0.50% | |
| CalPERS Employer Contribution Change (2021–22) | -2.30% | |

- ? Declining enrollment
- ? Deficit spending
- ? Increased contributions to special education and other restricted programs

2021–22 ADA Impacts

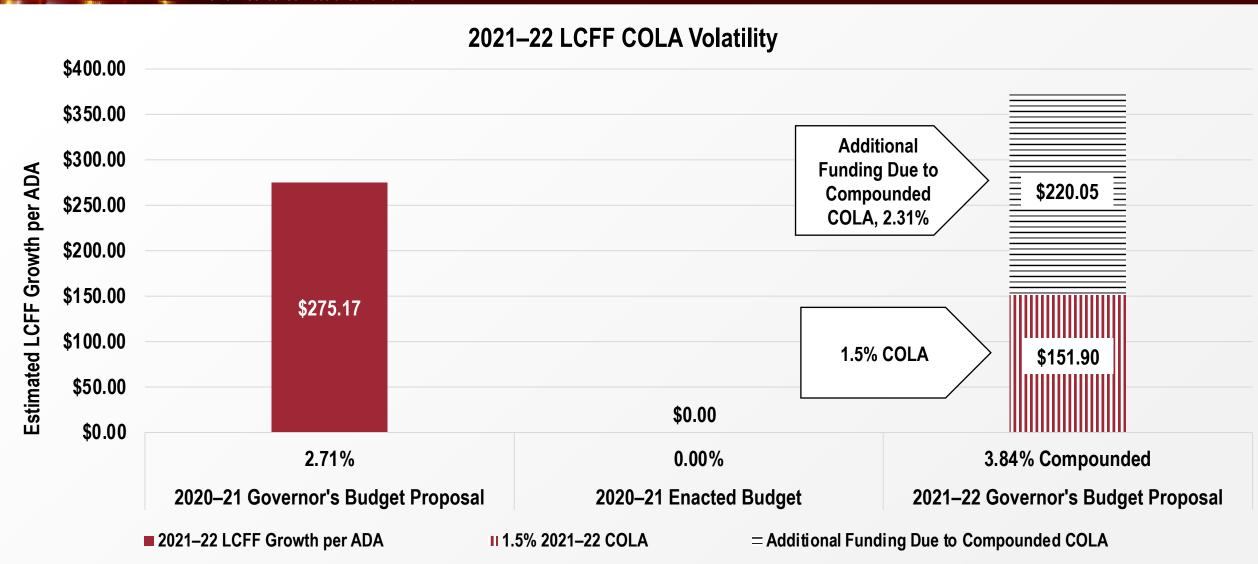
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• The adage "There is no such thing as a free lunch" applies to the current-year ADA hold harmless provision—that is to say, many school districts will experience a funding cliff at some point in the future if they are experiencing natural attendance declines exacerbated by COVID-19



Significant drops in LEAs' LCFF unduplicated pupil counts, which were not held harmless, and enrollment loss from COVID-19 will determine the full cliff effect

COLA Volatility





- The Governor does not include any new funding towards CalPERS for LEAs
 - However, previous investments reduce the employer contribution rate for CalPERS from 24.9% to 23.00% in 2021–22
- The employer contribution rates to CalPERS were modified a few times since the 2020–21 Enacted State Budget, as follows:

| Year | Prior Projections per Dartboard | Adjusted by CalPERS Investment Returns | Projected Rates per Actuarial Report |
|----------|---------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| 2020–21* | 20.70% | 20.70% | 20.70% |
| 2021–22 | 22.84% | 23.01% | 23.00%** |
| 2022–23 | 25.50% | 26.24% | 26.30% |
| 2023–24 | 26.20% | 27.14% | 27.30% |
| 2024–25 | 26.20% | 27.14% | 27.80% |
| 2025–26 | 26.20% | 27.14% | 27.80% |
| 2026–27 | N/A | N/A | 27.60% |

^{*}Actual for 2020–21 and estimated for future years

^{**}Governor's Budget Summary, pgs. 64-65



CalSTRS Employer Contribution Rates

- Similar to CalPERS, the Governor does not include any new funding towards CaISTRS for LEAs
 - However, previous investments reduce the employer contribution rate for CaISTRS from 18.1% to 15.92%
- Reminder: On-Behalf Payments (expenditures in Resource Code 7690) have been excluded from the calculation for the Routine Restricted Maintenance **Account contribution**

| Effective Date | CalSTRS Funding Plan Increases | | |
|----------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| | Rate | Year-over-year change | |
| July 1, 2013 | 8.25% | No increase since 1986 | |
| July 1, 2014 | 8.88% | 0.63% | |
| July 1, 2015 | 10.73% | 1.85% | |
| July 1, 2016 | 12.58% | 1.85% | |
| July 1, 2017 | 14.43% | 1.85% | |
| July 1, 2018 | 16.28% | 1.85% | |
| July 1, 2019 | 17.10% | 0.82% | |
| July 1, 2020 | 16.15% | - 0.95% | |
| July 1, 2021* | ~ 15.92% | ~ - 0.23% | |

^{*}Governor's Budget Summary, pgs. 64-65

Statewide Average Reserve Levels

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● The latest statewide data available on school district reserves is from 2018–19:

| 2018–19 Average Unrestricted General Fund, Plus Fund 17; Net Ending Balances ¹ | | |
|--|--------|--|
| Unified School Districts | 17.26% | |
| Elementary School Districts | 20.47% | |
| High School Districts | 15.64% | |

¹As a percentage of total General Fund expenditures, transfers, and other uses

- Local school agencies were prepared coming into this recession
 - Almost all school types were at the percentage of reserves recommended by the Government Finance Officers Association of 17%—or two months—of expenditures

See *Fiscal Report* article "2018–19 Reserve Levels" in the Workshop Resources.

Stockton Unified 2020-21 1st Interim % at the 3rd year (2022-23) = 6.32%

Local Agency Reserves

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- Reserves provide local school agency governance teams with the ability to be more strategic in reducing expenditures when faced with a financial crisis
 - Reserves protect students, employees, and the public

• Current state financial projections show a deficit beginning in 2022–23, and the Public School

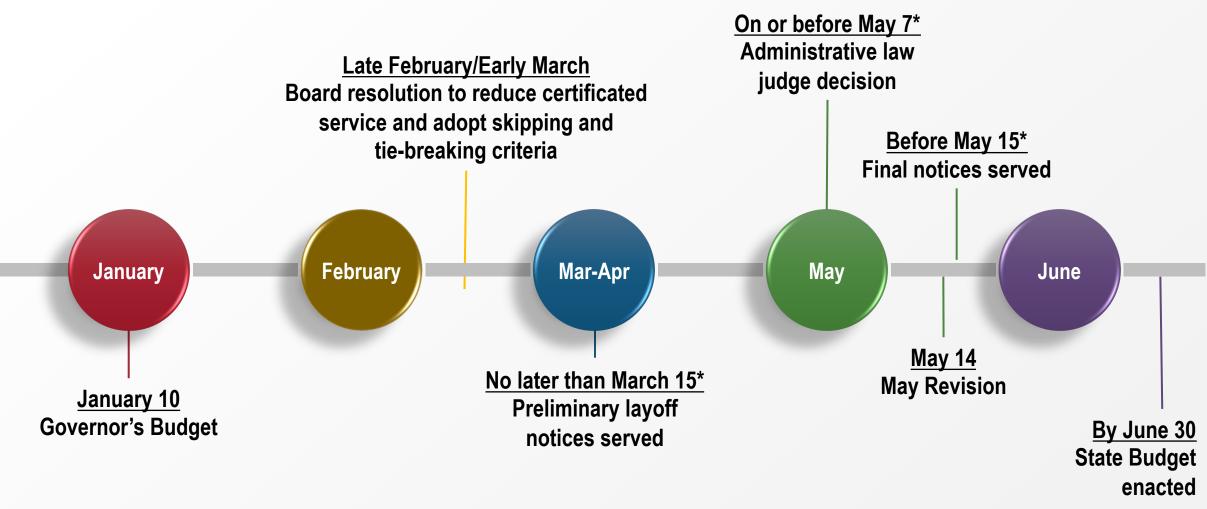
System Stabilization Account balance will not last long

LEAs with higher reserves are better equipped to protect the community they serve



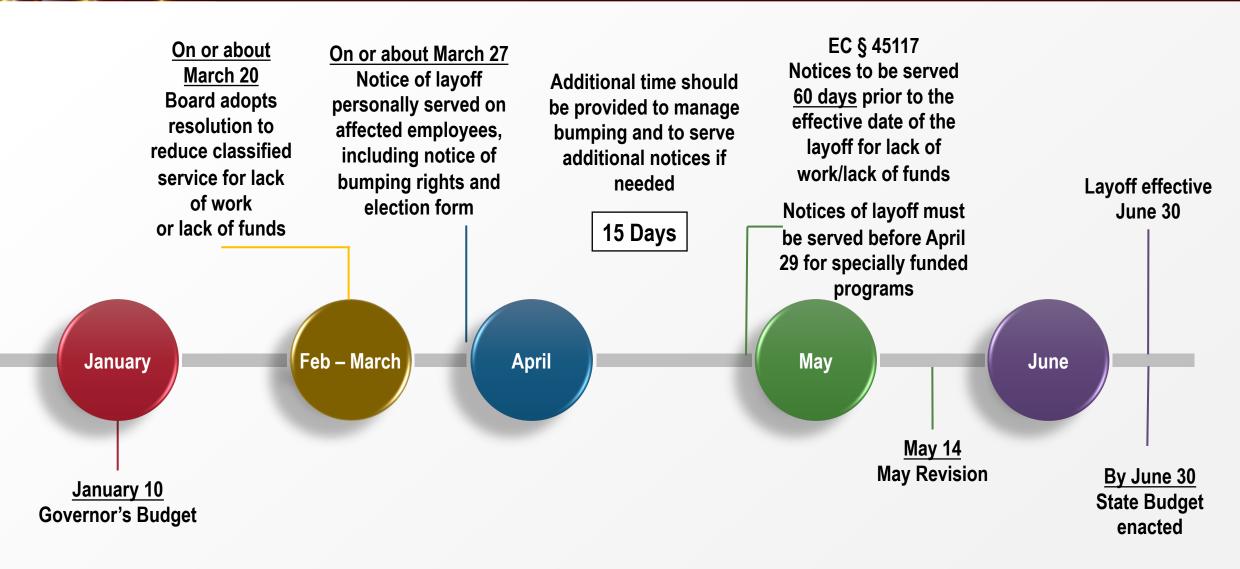
Certificated Layoffs and State Budget Timelines

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*Statutory deadlines per EC § 44949 and 44955

Classified Layoffs and State Budget Timelines



NEXT STEPS

- Prepare 2020-21 2nd Interim, per Governor's January Budget Proposals. Submit Second Interim to San Joaquin County Office of Education by March 15, 2021
- Plan for proposed budget reductions for Fiscal Year 2021-22 Adopted Budget <u>February 9th Board</u>
 Meeting.
- Certificated reductions that "May" be reduced will be identified and go to the board on or before March 15, 2021
- Certificated reductions that "Will" be reduced will be identified and go to the board on or before May 15,
 2021
- Governor's May Revise budget announced May 2021
- Classified reductions will be identified 60 days prior to June 30, 2021